



LOG HOME SEALANTS APPLICATION GUIDE



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Since 1981, Perma-Chink Systems' log home sealants have proven themselves on thousands of chinked and chinkless style homes to become the most widely applied log home sealants in the world and simply the best by every measure: longevity, appearance, performance and ease of application.

Backing Material - Why You Need It

Backing materials are an integral part of a sealant system and should be used wherever possible. The overall performance of any sealant system is dependent on the use of correct application thickness and proper backing. For small joinery the most commonly used backing is round backer rod. It comes in a range of sizes and is relatively inexpensive. It is flexible and can be pushed into a crevice without needing to be nailed or stapled.

In situations where joinery is too narrow to insert some type of backing material, a narrow strip of water resistant masking tape works well. (Avoid masking tape that wrinkles when wet because the wrinkles may show through the sealant after it has cured.) A good option is to use pinstripe tape available at most automotive supply stores. The tape should be water resistant, so *Energy Seal* does not adhere to it, making it a suitable backer material. Pinstripe tape is available in widths down to 1/8".

Approved Backing Materials

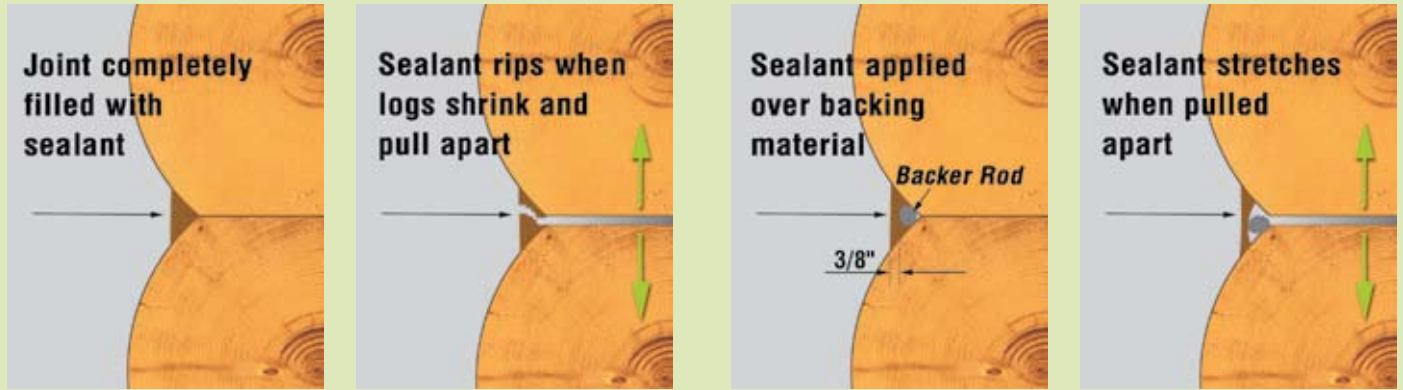
- Grip Strip.
- Backer Rod.
- Polyisocyanurate board (Polyiso or R Max).
- Expanded polystyrene (EPS) beadboard, foil-faced. Chinking applied over the foil covered side.
- Polyurethane foam (Pur Fill, Great Stuff, Styrofoam).
- Water-resistant masking tape or pinstripe tape.



DO NOT USE:

Extruded Polystyrene (causes blisters), Blue Board, Pink Board or other colored board that outgases to cause blisters. If you are unsure about your backing material, check with Perma-Chink Systems before using it.

THE ROLE BACKING MATERIALS PLAY WHEN SEALING A SEAM



Tools

- Application bags, caulking gun or bulk loading caulking gun.
- Follow plate for bulk loading gun.
- Trowels and spatulas (close to the width of the finished seam is best).
- Rags and a bucket of water for general cleanup.
- Spray/mist bottle (use water with a few drops of soap as a release agent).
- Masking tape if desired.

Weather Conditions

Freshly applied sealants should be protected from direct rainfall for a minimum of 24 hours. Either watch the weather or drape a newly sealed wall with plastic film. Be sure to allow some airspace between the wall and the plastic to facilitate drying.

Avoid applying sealants in direct sunlight or when the temperature is less than 40° F. In cold weather it's important that the logs be free of frost and dew in order to ensure that the sealant adheres tightly to the wood. Like stain, the best surface temperature range for easiest application and best results is between 50° F and 80° F.

SEALING WINDOW AND DOOR FRAMES



Cut triangular blocks of EPS or polyethylene foam



Insert foam blocks into void between logs and frame. Leave 3/8" gap between surface of foam and edge of frame



Apply masking tape to prevent sealant from smearing onto the adjacent logs



Fill the 3/8" gap between the surface of the foam and the edge of the frame with sealant

PERMA-CHINK® - WHEN TO APPLY IT?

- **Weather:** Protect freshly applied *Perma-Chink* from rain for at least 24 hours to allow a water resistant skin to form.
- Apply *Perma-Chink* log home sealant after staining for the best finished appearance and the least total labor to avoid getting stain on the new chinking.
- **Best:** after application of *Lifeline*, but before *Lifeline Advance* clear topcoat (*Lifeline Advance* should be applied over *Perma-Chink* log home sealant, making it easier to clean.)
- **Second Best:** after application of *Lifeline* stain and *Lifeline Advance* topcoat.
- **Worst:** Over a fresh application of oil based stain. Oil based stains must be allowed to dry for 2 months. Then, clean the chinking surface with alcohol to remove dust and oily residues.

• Round Log Construction

When using *Perma-Chink* log home sealant on full-round log construction, the finished width of the chinking seam should be approximately 1/6 of the log diameter (i.e. if your logs are 15" diameter, the chinking seam should be about 2-1/2 inches wide.) This is very important on log home siding applications. Use proper width backing material to provide for your desired seam width when considering that the applied wet material will be approximately 3/8 inch thick.



• Square Log Construction

Backing material and chinking seam width are determined by the engineered geometries of square log wall construction. It is always best to install backing materials so the finished chinking application does not result in a horizontal lip or ledge at the bottom edge of the seam where rainwater can accumulate. A little planning at this point can prevent a lot of maintenance in the future.



Bulk Loading Application Guns Step-by-Step



Remove the lid and the plastic liner from the pail



Place the follow plate on top of the chinking pail



Remove the cap and cone tip from the gun barrel and push the end of the barrel onto the hole



Ensure the tight seal, fully extend rod and fill the barrel. Disengage from the follow plate



Attach the end cap and cone tip to the end of the barrel



Insert the handle rod into the open nut to remove the follow plate



Replace plastic liner over the surface of the sealant



Replace the lid. Make sure that it is tight on the pail

Application of Perma-Chink® Log Home Sealant

General Tips

- When using a ladder, it is best to start at the top of the wall to avoid leaning the ladder into freshly applied chinking.
- For square logs, inexperienced applicators may want to mask the top and bottom edges of the chinking application to keep wet chinking off the face of the logs.



- Inspect the backing material installation for all discontinuities. Gaps between sections of backer, dimples from staples, wrinkles or bulges in the backer won't show in finished wet chinking, but they can show up after the chinking has fully cured because of shrinkage during curing.

- Observe the proper application thickness (3/8 inch wet thickness). When chinking is too thin, it is susceptible to tearing where it is thin. If it is too thick, then it loses much of its stretching capacity and wastes material.



- You can check the wet application thickness with a toothpick or similar small tool.
- If you are new to chinking application, start in a place where the chinking is least likely to be seen. Your technique will improve quickly, so the appearance will improve and work will progress more quickly. Inside a closet or the backside of the house are good places to start the first time.
- When the chinking is uncured, it is very susceptible to dimples caused by people or pets touching the soft surface. Hiding the wet chinking with tarps, cardboard panels or other means can prevent this from happening.
- Wear old clothes because chinking is very hard to remove from fabrics.

Preparation

- Before starting, inspect the installation of backing materials. Where pieces of backer butt up to one another, make sure that there are no gaps or ledges between pieces. If you find gaps, fill them with backing material or cover the span with tape.



- Make sure that the wood surfaces along the seam are clean and free of oils or waxes to insure proper adhesion of the cured chinking.



Application Techniques

- Apply only as much chinking as you are able to tool smooth in about 15 minutes (less in warm dry weather that causes the chinking to skin over rapidly).
- Start by holding the applicator tip against the back surface of the joint and apply a bead of chinking. If multiple beads will be required to span the entire gap, apply them close together to avoid trapped air during tooling. Apply enough chinking to maintain a wet thickness of approximately 3/8 inch.

- The first step in finishing is to wet the trowel only (not the chinking), then spread it out evenly to 3/8 inch thickness, making sure the wet chinking is in good contact with the wood surfaces at both edges of the seam. Good contact is critical for proper adhesion after curing.



- NOTE: Be careful to maintain proper thickness in all corners.
- After smoothing to the proper thickness, lightly wet the surface of the chinking and tool



to finished smoothness. Avoid applying enough water to cause it to run onto the wood surface. Wipe any runs immediately.

- Tip: If you used masking tape at the edges of the chinking, remove it now and smooth out edges with your tool.
- If your preference is for the finished chinking to have a different texture than smooth, you should experiment before application.

Drying/Curing

- *Perma-Chink* log home sealant develops a skin in a short period of time. Full curing requires it to dry all the way through and may take a number of weeks. Cool temperatures or high humidity extends drying time.
- Protect freshly applied sealants from rain for at least 24 hours to allow a protective skin to form.
- Blisters during curing are common to sealant applications in hot environments. Blisters can be caused by use of improper backing materials or by trapping air inside of the wet chinking during application. Prevent most blisters by making sure to trowel all air out of seams in “multi-bead” applications.
- Avoid application in direct sunlight on south and west walls. If newly applied chinking is exposed to sunlight and begins to blister, the effect can be minimized by shading the walls with white tarps for the first 1-2 days. In the first few days, blisters can be closed by puncturing the surface skin of the chinking and carefully pressing the blister surface back against the wet chinking inside.

PERMA-CHINK® COVERAGE RATES

Width of Gap	Linear Feet Per Pail
1/2"	Use Energy Seal
3/4"	Use Energy Seal
1"	385'
1-1/2"	256'
2"	192'
2-1/2"	154'
3"	127'
4"	96'
5"	76'
6"	63.5'

ENERGY SEAL™ and WOODSMAN™

Energy Seal is a textured sealant that helps to match the appearance of the surrounding wood. The texture also allows it to accept a stain so that sealed joints and gaps become virtually invisible. *Energy Seal* may also be used in narrow chink joints with a width of one inch or less.

Energy Seal can be used to seal gaps between logs, around windows, doors, vents and anywhere else where air or water can enter your home.

Woodsman Multi-Purpose Sealant may be used for multiple applications in and around all types of homes. When used on the outside of a home this smooth surfaced sealant provides a flexible weather and water barrier that will not dry out and crack like most general purpose caulks.

Woodsman adheres to most common building surfaces such as wood, metal, concrete, brick, masonry, porcelain, ceramic tile, marble and glass. Ideal for sealing construction joints like window and door frames, woodwork, eaves, soffits, vents and expansion joints, *Woodsman* can also be used as an internal sealant between courses of logs. Inside, *Woodsman* can be used for caulking/ sealing around tubs, sinks, showers, etc.

• Round Logs

The width of the backing material you require depends on the profile of your logs but be sure to take into account that you will be applying a 3/8" thick layer of sealant over it. Often, the sealant width is determined by the profile of milled logs and must be tailored accordingly.



• Square Logs

Energy Seal or *Woodsman* is used on square log construction to seal corners, butt joints, windows, door frames and other areas where a visible chink joint is not desired. Also, for cosmetic chink joints (less than 3/8 inches deep) we recommend sealing the seam with *Energy Seal* and then applying *Chink-Paint* over the entire joint for the best completed appearance.

When Should *Energy Seal*™ or *Woodsman*™ Be Applied?

- **Weather:** Protect freshly applied sealants from rain until a water resistant skin has formed on new sealant application (usually about 24 hours). Avoid applying in direct sunlight to help prevent heat-induced blisters. Wood surface temperatures should be between 40° F and 90° F. Tarps can be used to protect sealant applications from weather.
- **Best:** It is generally best to apply *Energy Seal* after walls have been cleaned and before stain is applied. Our sealants adhere aggressively to bare wood surfaces or to wood finished with *Lifeline*™.
- For the least visible sealant lines, choose a sealant color that's a shade lighter than the stain you plan to use because it's easier to cover a lighter color sealant with a darker color stain than it is to hide a dark colored sealant with a light colored stain.
- Or: if you want visible sealant lines, you may apply *Energy Seal* after you stain. If you do this, it is best to apply *Lifeline Advance*™ topcoat after the *Energy Seal*. This results in a more even appearance, helps them blend in with the rest of the wall and makes sealants easier to clean.
- **Worst:** Application to surfaces with freshly applied oil-based stain should be avoided.

Preparation

- Before starting, inspect the installation of all backing materials. Where individual pieces of backing join to one another, make sure there are no gaps, ledges or discontinuities that show through after the sealant has cured. Smooth, trim or bridge gaps with tape as necessary.
- To insure proper adhesion, make sure that wood surfaces where the sealant adheres are clean and free of oils, waxes or other contaminants.



Application

- Cut the applicator tip to the desired diameter of the sealant bead you want to apply.
- Begin by holding the applicator tip firmly against the seam and apply a bead of sealant. Apply enough sealant to maintain a wet thickness of at least 5/16" and no more than 1/2" across the entire seam after tooling. Apply as much sealant as you can tool smooth in about 15 minutes to avoid a dried skin before final finishing.



- After the joint is filled, trowel out to approximately 3/8th of an inch thick across the entire joint, making sure there is good contact between the sealant and the wood. Do not spray it with water at this time! Be careful to maintain proper thickness especially in corners!



- **Tip:** Occasionally check the thickness of the sealant using a toothpick to see if you are maintaining the proper thickness.
- Once the sealant is roughly in place, spray it with a light mist of water and tool smooth with a trowel or spatula. Do not saturate the surface with water. If it begins to run you have applied too much.
- **Tip:** If you used masking tape at the edges of the *Energy Seal*, remove it now and smooth out edges with your tool.



Clean-Up

If you get any sealant on the surface of the wood, be sure to wipe it off with a wet rag immediately. Dried sealant is very difficult to remove. Clean your tools and equipment with clean water occasionally during application.



Drying and Curing

Drying time and curing time are two entirely different terms. In warm or hot weather, *Energy Seal* and *Woodsmen* may begin to skin over in as little as ten minutes while a complete cure may take a couple of weeks. Cooler temperature and high humidity slows the drying time and curing process.

ENERGY SEAL™ COVERAGE RATES			
To be applied 5/16" - 3/8" thickness			
Width of Gap	Feet per 11-oz. tube	Feet per 30-oz. tube	Feet per Pail
1/2"	16'	48'	975'
3/4"	11'	32'	650'
1"	8'	24'	490'

WOODSMAN™ COVERAGE RATES		
To be applied 5/16" - 3/8" thickness		
Diameter of Bead	Feet per 11-oz. tube	Feet per 30-oz. tube
1/2"	16'	48'
3/4"	11'	32'
1"	8'	24'

* Contact Perma-Chink Systems, Inc. for coverage rates when using *Woodsmen* between logs during stacking

One pail of Energy Seal is equivalent to approximately fifty five 11-oz. tubes or twenty 30-oz. tubes

CHECK MATE 2™ - CHECK SEALANT

Check Mate 2 is an outstanding water resistant sealant that prevents water and air infiltration through pronounced cracks (called checks) in logs, timbers and wood siding.

It is especially important to seal upward facing checks in any location where they may accumulate water. If these checks are left unsealed, they become sites where rot may begin to take hold. If you have old checks where rot is a risk, be sure to apply *Shell-Guard* before sealing with *Check Mate 2*.



Application

- Like other flexible sealants *Check Mate 2* should be used in conjunction with *Backer Rod* whenever sealing a gap that's more than 1/4 inch wide.
- Make sure the *Backer Rod* is shoved into the check around 3/8 to 1/2 inch deep to allow room for the *Check Mate 2*.
- Since *Check Mate 2* comes in various colors you should choose a color that is close to the color of the logs. However, if you are planning to stain over the *Check Mate 2*, choose a color that's a shade lighter than the stain. That way the *Check Mate 2* will blend in with the surrounding stained wood.
- Remove masking tape while *Check Mate 2* is still wet.



11 oz. Check Mate 2 tube will seal 16 feet of 1/2 inch wide checks.

Sealants from Perma-Chink Systems are the Industry Leaders!



Company Stores

Washington/Western Division

Redmond, WA 98052
1-800-548-1231

Tennessee/Eastern Division

Knoxville, TN 37914
1-800-548-3554

Minnesota Branch

Rice, MN 56367
1-877-244-6548

Colorado Branch

Rifle, CO 81650
1-800-433-8781

Montana Branch

Stevensville, MT 59870
1-800-479-7090

www.permachink.com

Stocking Distributors

Canadian Log Home Supply,
Central & Eastern Canada
1-800-746-7773
www.canadianloghomesupply.com

Steels Industrial Products, Ltd.,
Western Canada
1-877-846-7502
www.steels.com

Hess Log Home Supplies,
Pennsylvania
1-800-257-4864
www.hessloghomesupplies.com

Log Home Center,
Indiana
1-800-773-6223
www.loghomecenter.com

Timeless Wood Care Products,
Michigan
1-800-564-2987
www.timelesswoodcare.com



Energy Efficient...

Saves your heating and air-conditioning bills.

Aesthetic Appeal...

Look authentic and provide a feeling of structural integrity.

Flexibility...

Provide adequate resiliency to absorb the expected amount of log movement while helping keep your log home weather tight.

Bonding Ability...

Bond to logs with sufficient strength to assure a long-term seal.

Breakdown...

Resist exposure to natural elements such as rain, ultraviolet and freeze thaw cycles.

Maximum Strength...

Strong enough to permanently bond to wood creating a weather tight seal.

Application Ease...

Easy to apply for both the novice chinker sealing their own home or for commercial contractors on larger jobs.

